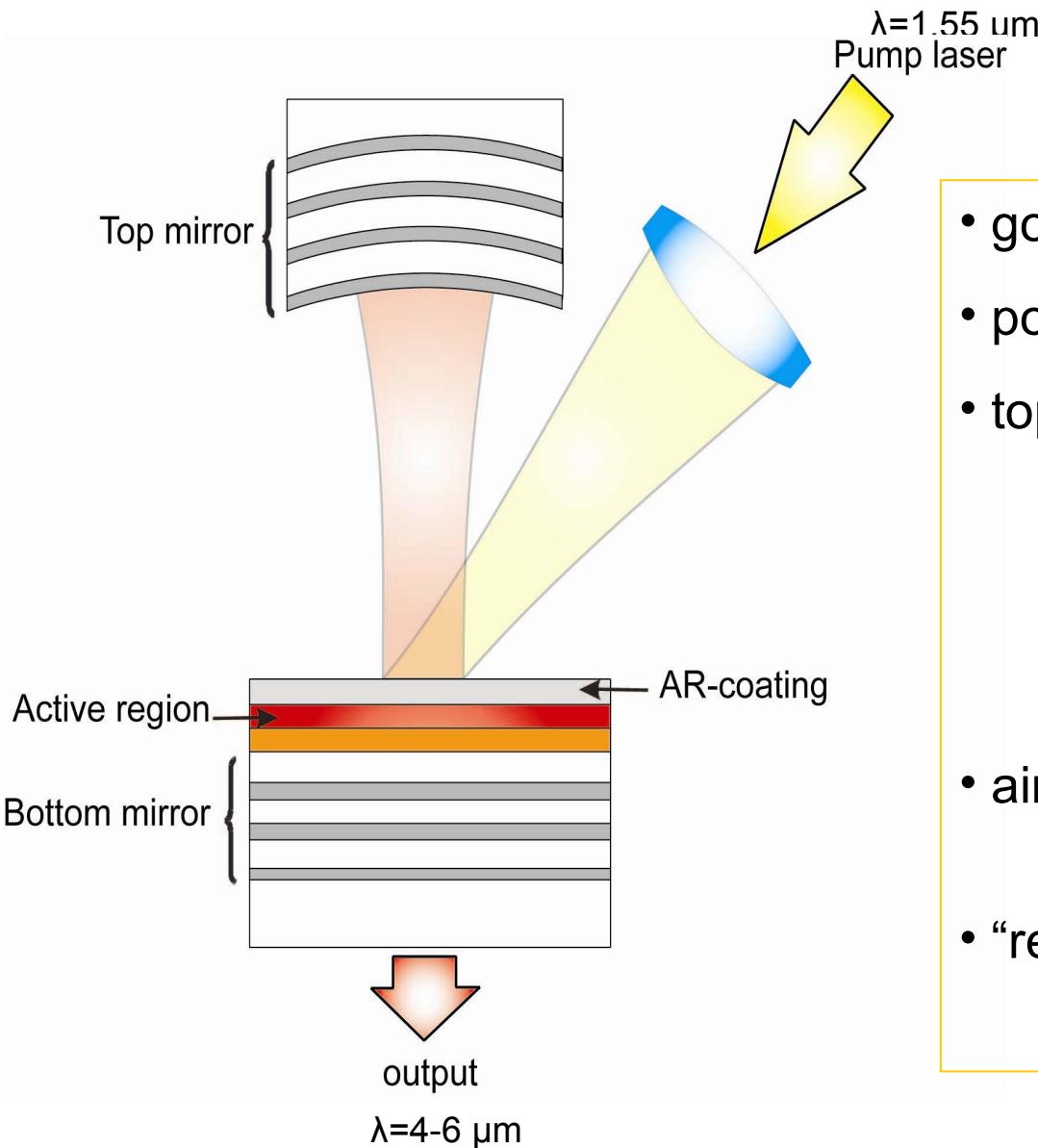


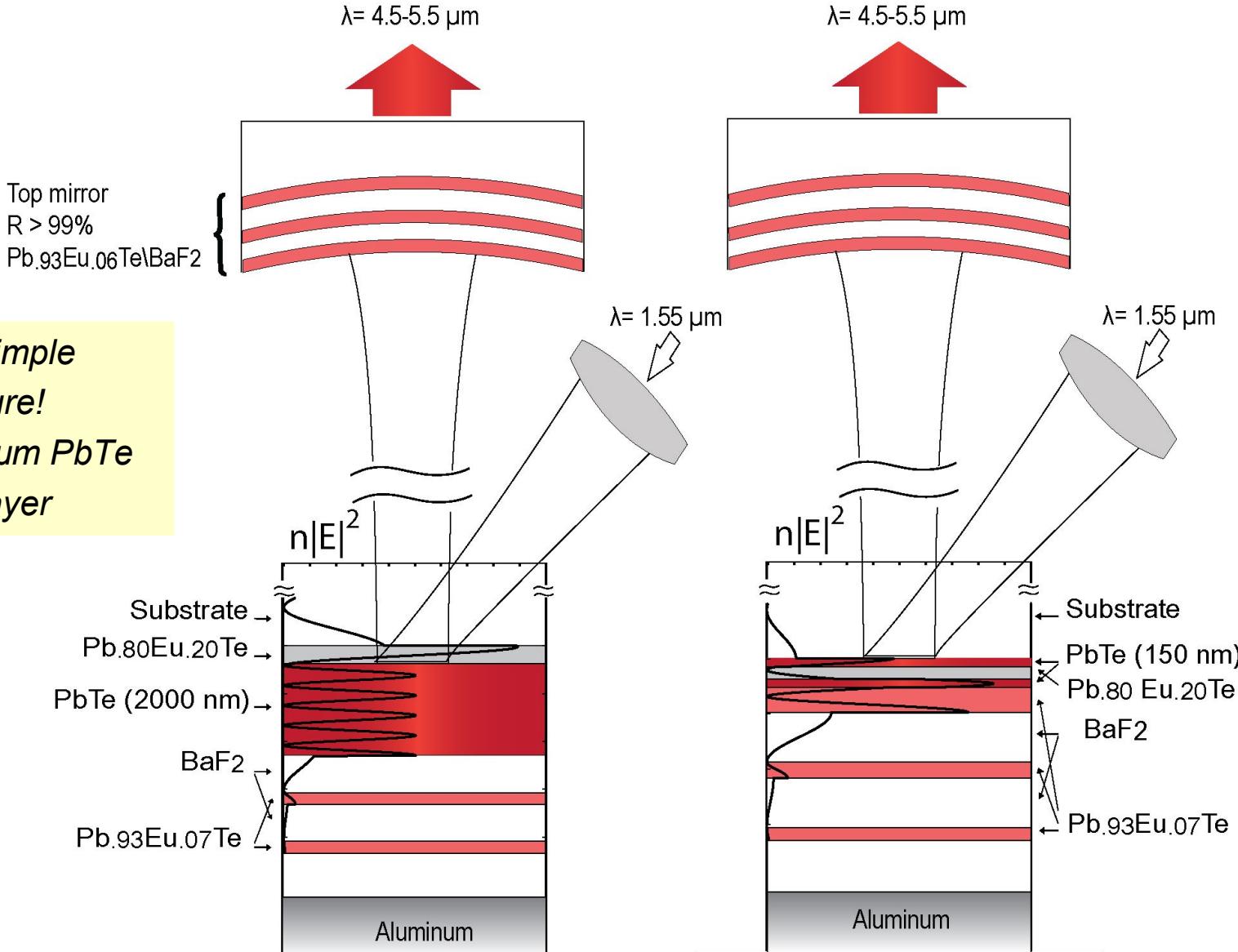
VECSEL: Vertical External Cavity Surface Emitting Laser



- good beam quality
- power scalable
- top mirror Radius
and cavity length
→ beam diameter
- air gap in the cavity
- “resonance” and/or AR-coating

PbTe on BaF₂ VECSEL Design

*very simple
structure!
just 2 μm PbTe
gain layer*

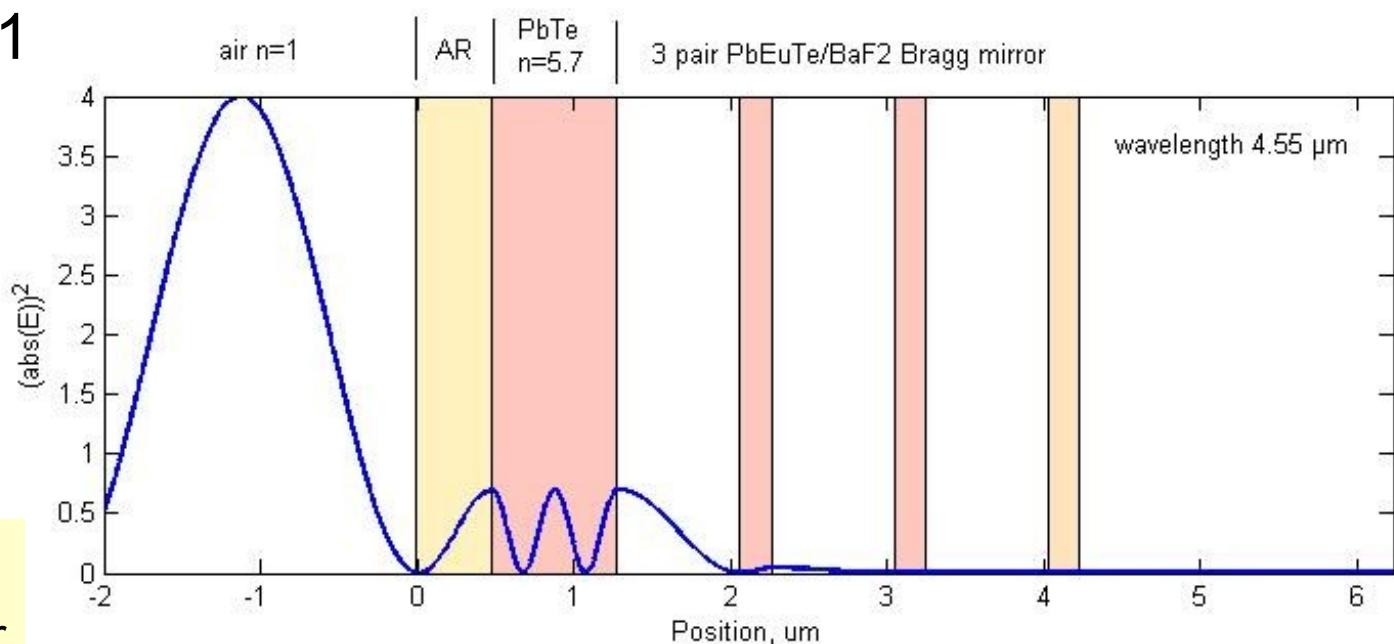


optical design 1

PbTe at 200K,
design wavelength

$$\lambda_o = 4.55 \mu\text{m}$$

resonance + AR:
 λ_o thick active layer

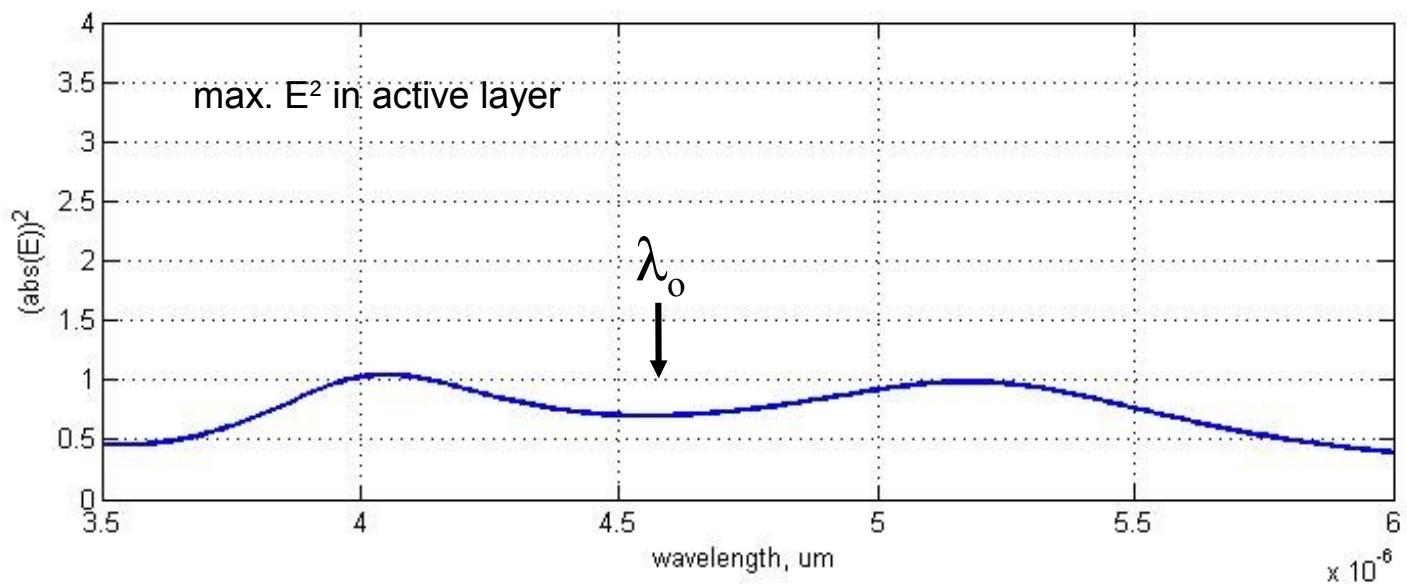


broad spectral range

low max. E^2



higher threshold

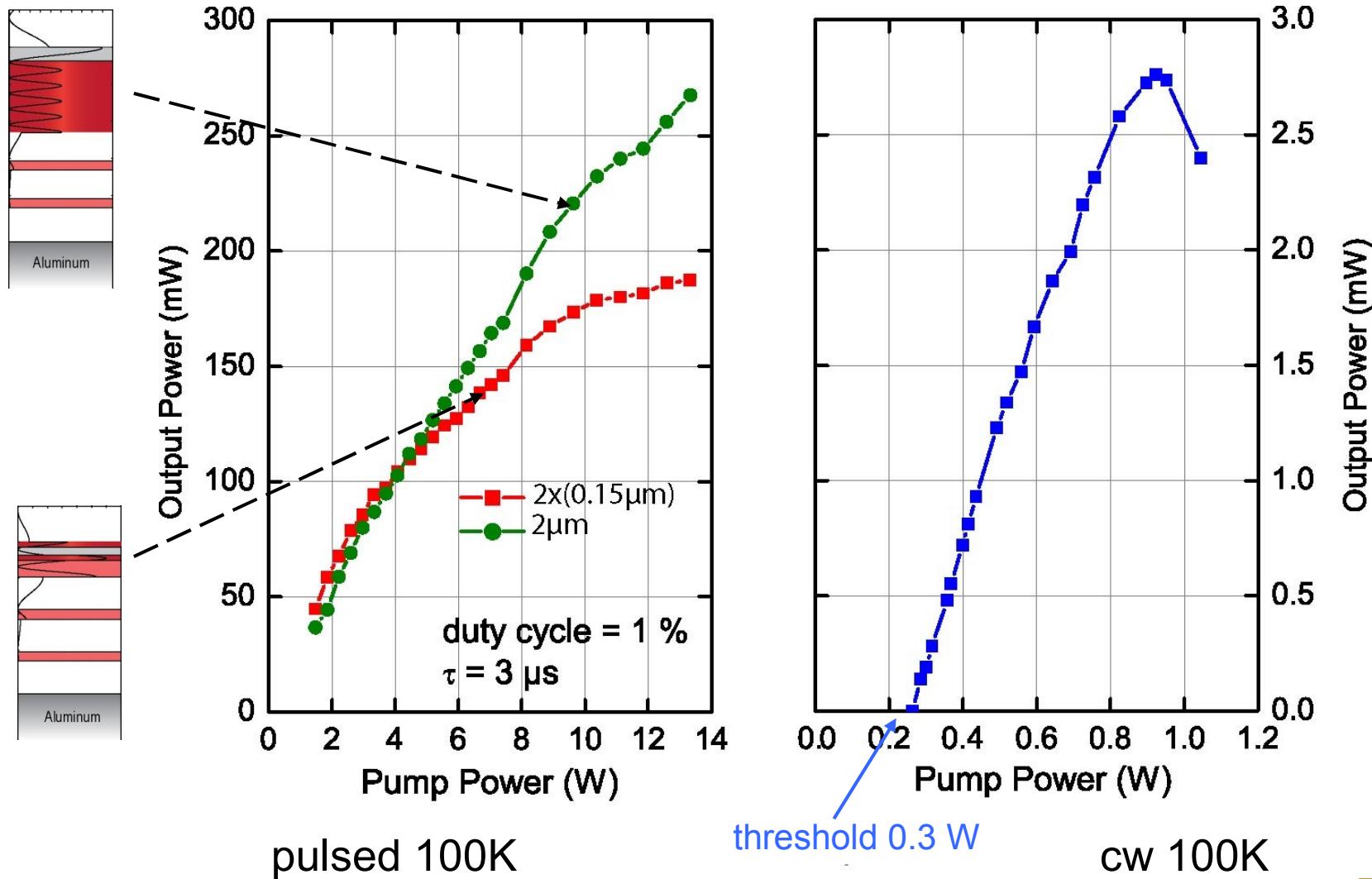


ETH Zürich

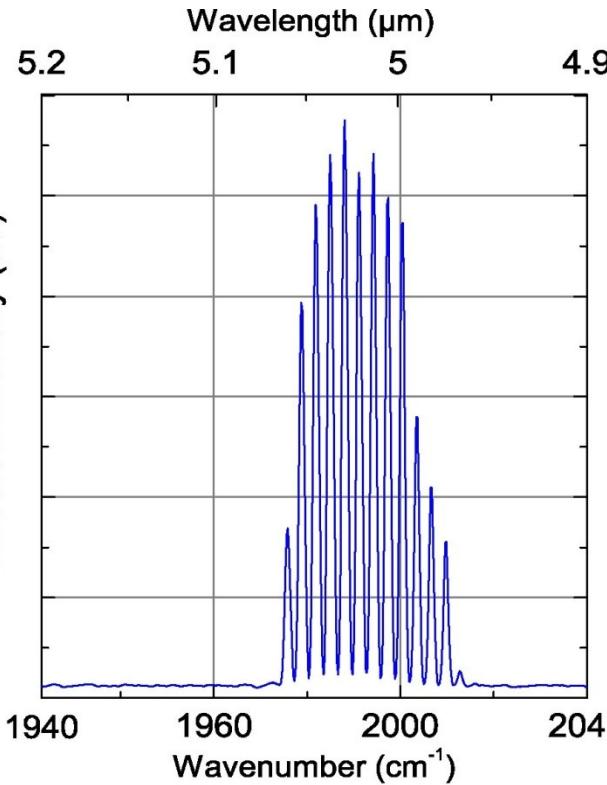
Thin Film Physics Group
www.tfp.ethz.ch

Theory: Garnache et al. J Opt Soc Am B 17 1589 (2000)

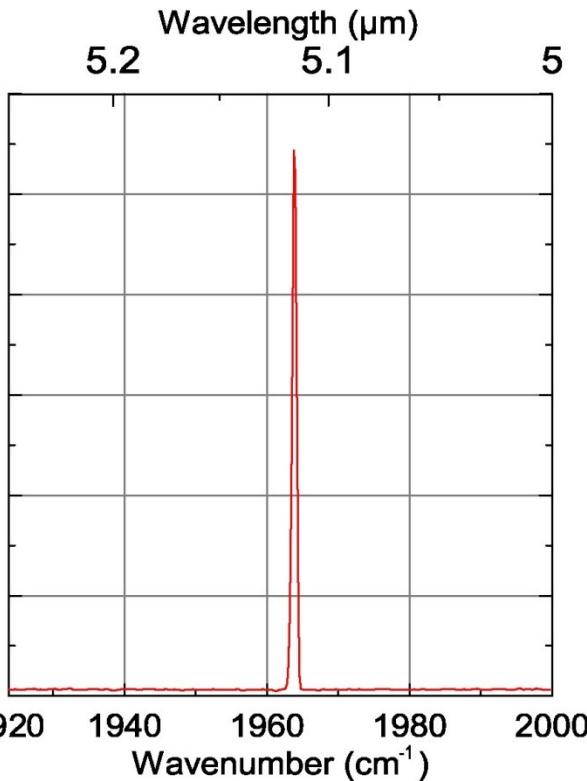
PbTe VECSEL on BaF₂ power in / out



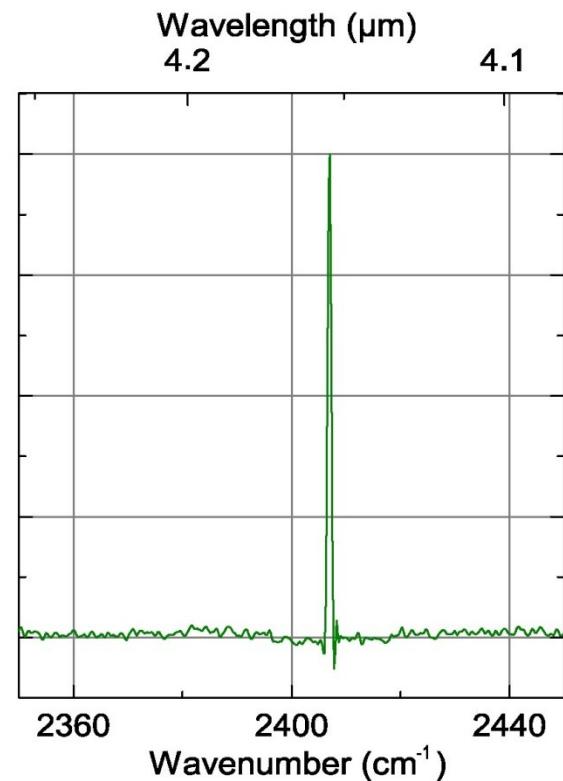
PbTe VECSEL on BaF₂



100 K pulsed
high output power



100 K cw



165 K pulsed
lasing up to 175 K

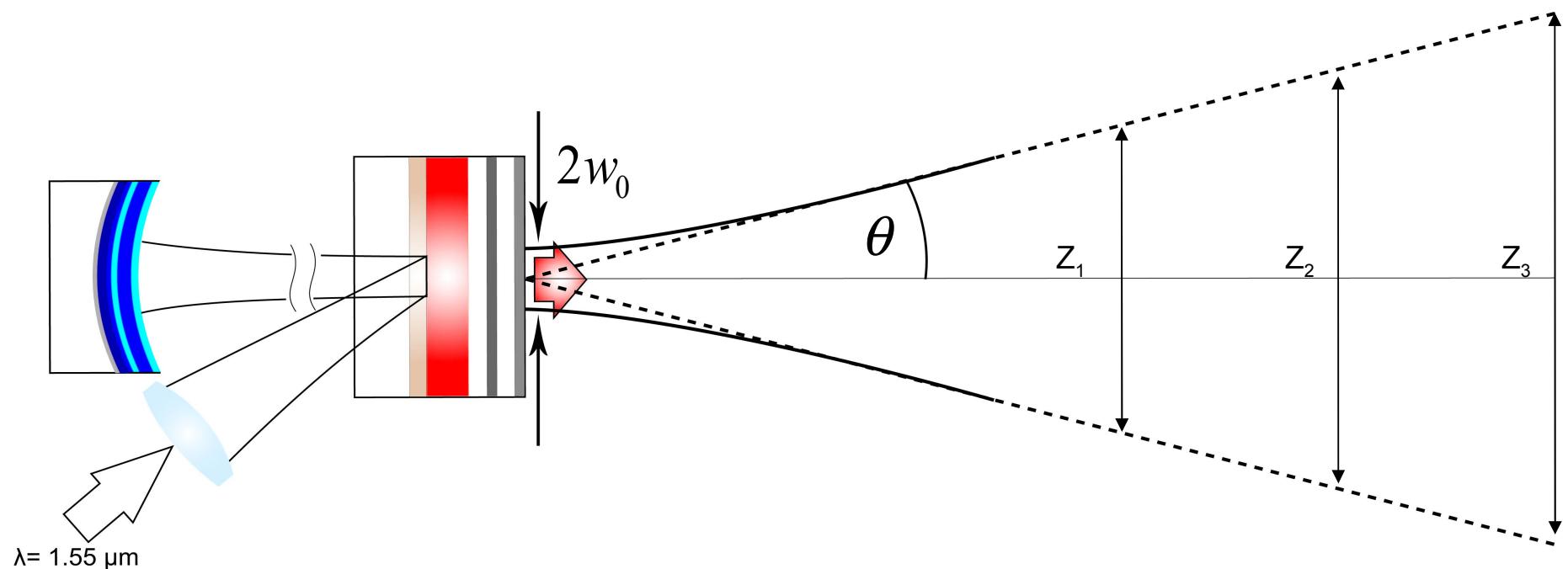
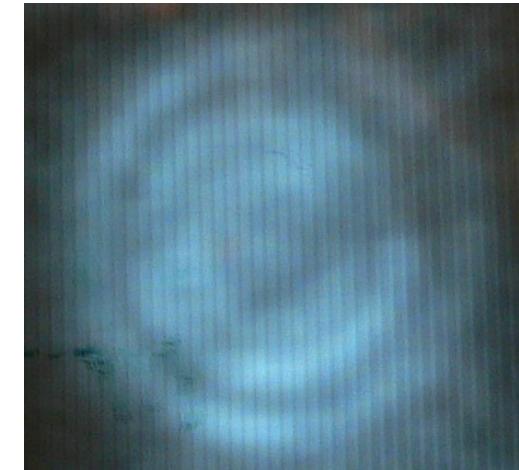
Beam Quality

Divergence Limit

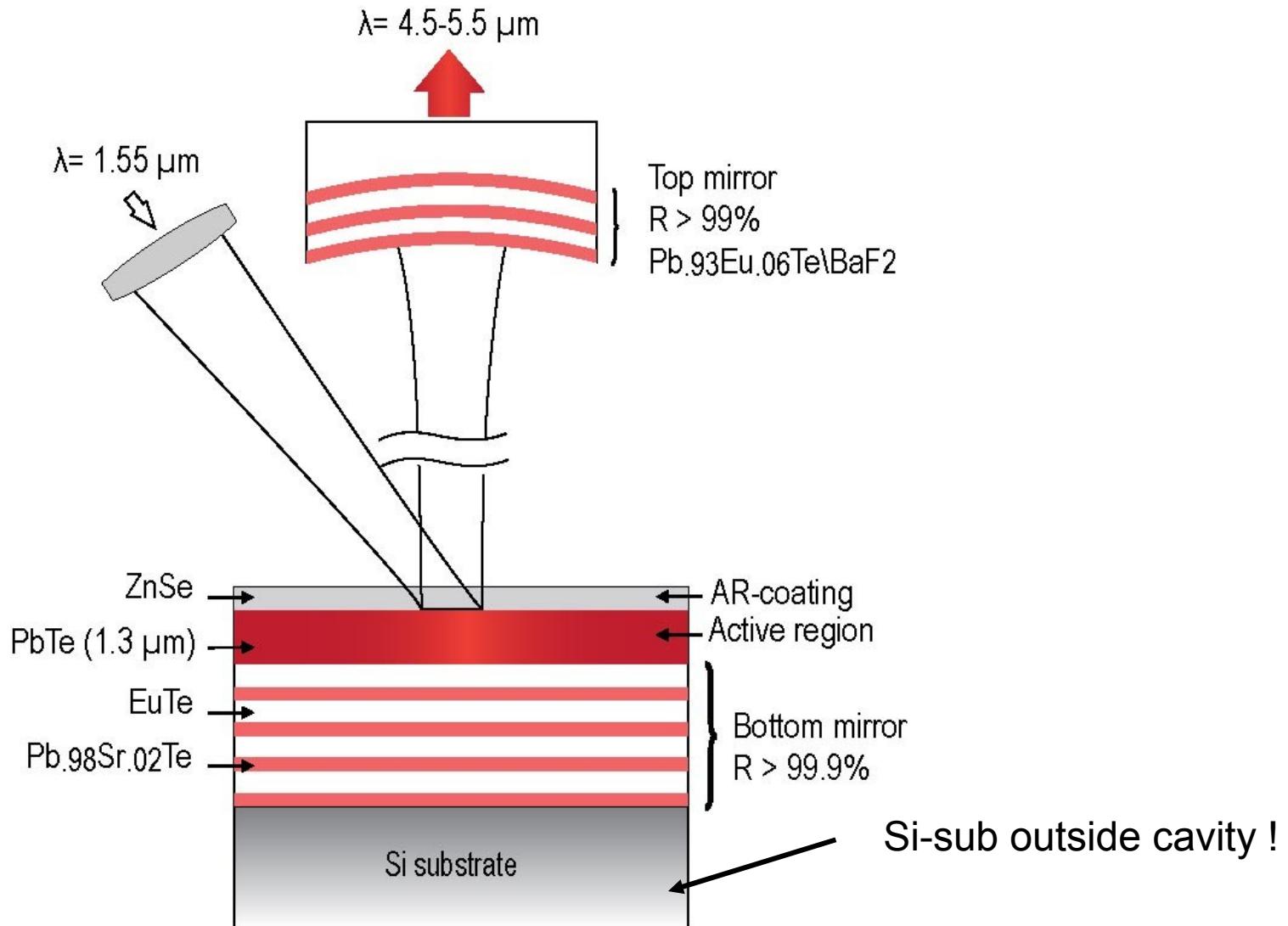
$$\theta = M^2 \frac{\lambda}{\pi w_0}$$

$$M^2 = 1.3$$

$$\theta_{\perp, P} = 1.02$$



PbTe VECSEL on Si-substrate



optical design 2

PbTe at 200K,
design wavelength

$$\lambda_o = 4.55 \mu\text{m}$$

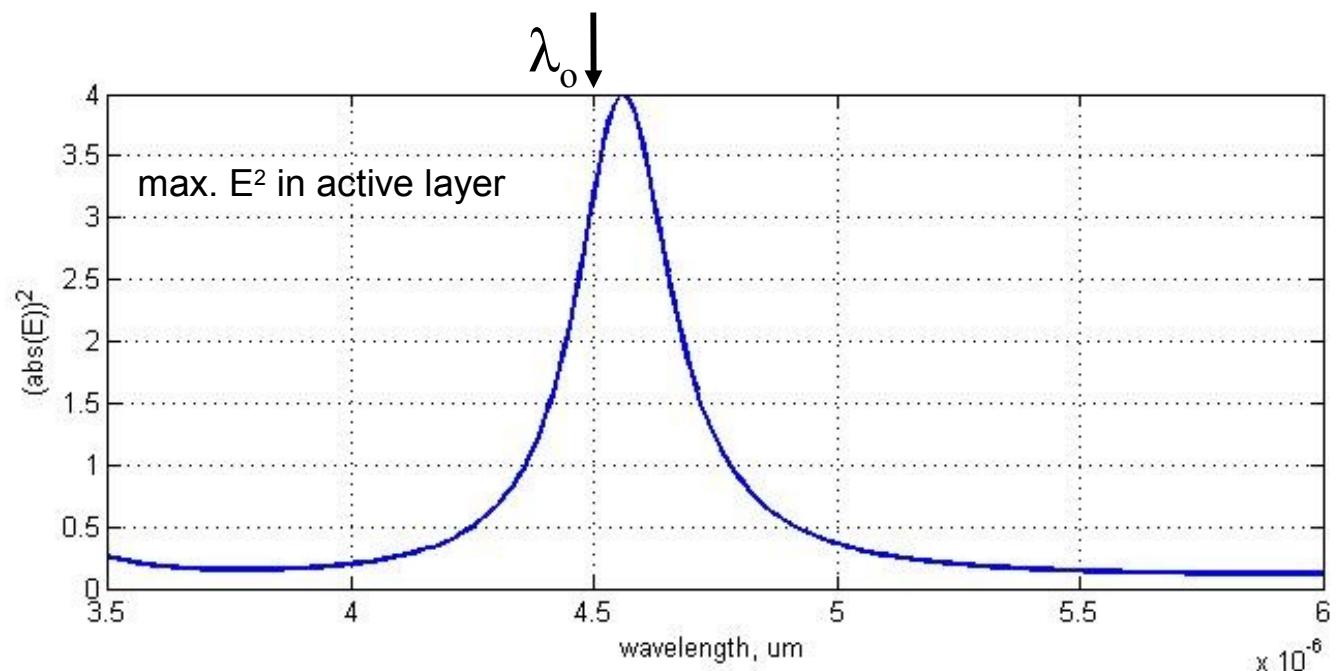
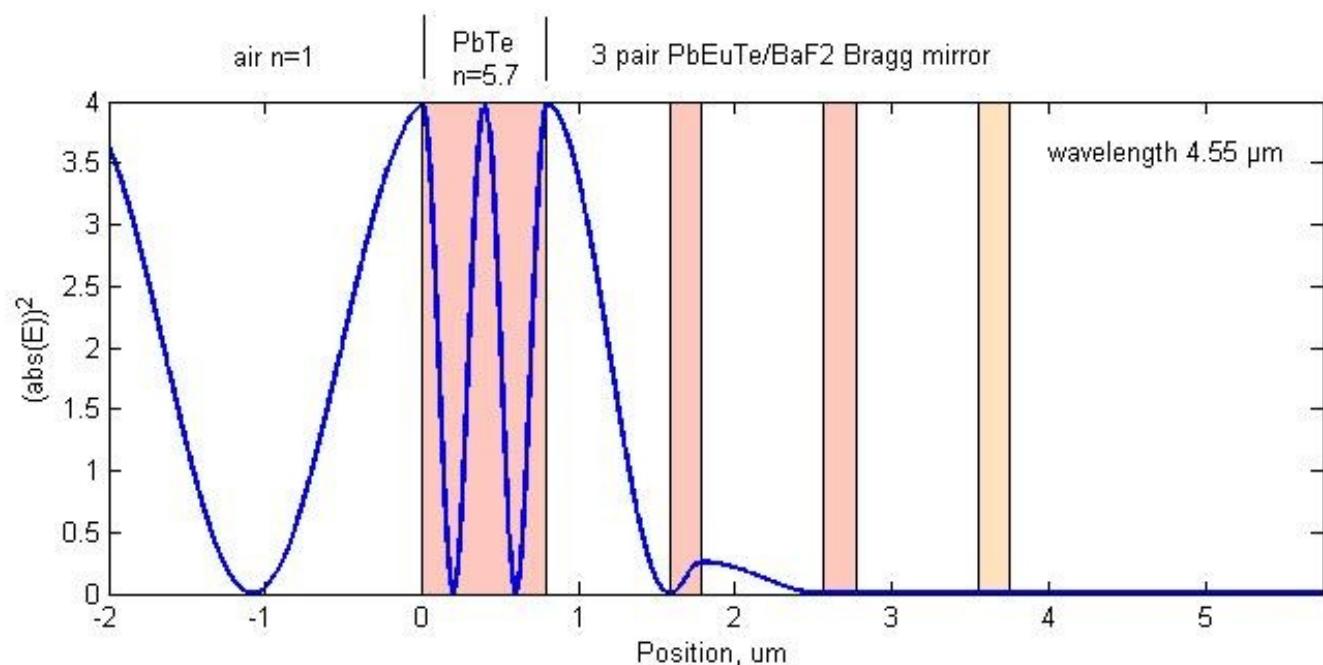
resonance, no AR:
 λ_o thick active layer

narrow spectral range

highest max. E^2

\longleftrightarrow

lowest threshold

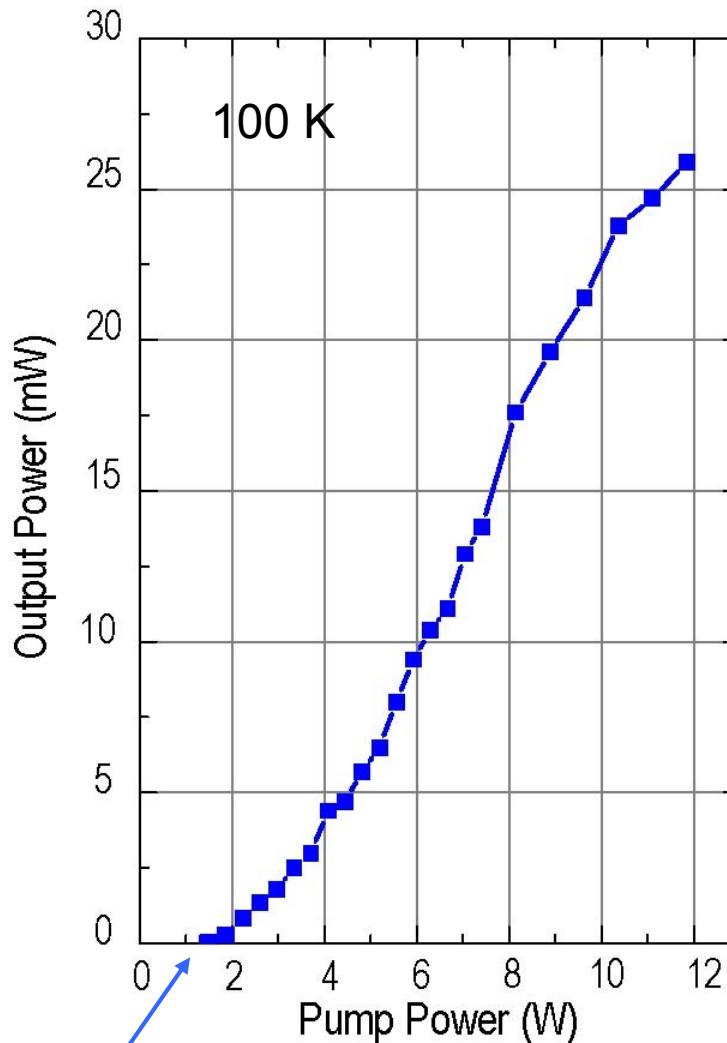


ETH Zürich

Thin Film Physics Group

www.tfp.ethz.ch

PbTe VECSEL on Si-substrate



threshold 1.7 W

$\lambda_{\text{out}} \sim 5 \mu\text{m}$
as before

lasing up to 130 K

PbTe VECSEL on Si-substrate

